

STATE OF WASHINGTON

DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

1315 W. 4th Avenue • Kennewick, Washington 99336-6018 • (509) 735-7581

October 9, 2002

Mr. Allan Conklin
Air Emissions & Defense Waste Section
Division of Radiation Protection
Washington State Department of Health
P.O. Box 47827
Olympia, Washington 93504-7820

RECEIVED NOV 0 5 2002

EDMC

Dear Mr. Conklin:

Re: Pre-Determination Review of State Environmental Policy Act Environmental Checklist for the 222-S Laboratory Complex

On September 30, 2002, Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) received a State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) environmental checklist in support of a United States Department of Energy, Richland Operations application for a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act/Washington Dangerous Waste Permit for the 222-S Laboratory Complex. Ecology is requesting Washington State Department of Health's (DOH) assistance in reviewing the checklist in support of Ecology's threshold determination as to whether an Environmental Impact Statement is required prior to our agency issuing the 222-S Laboratory permit to treat and store dangerous waste. Ecology is considering adding the 222-S Laboratory permit into the Dangerous Waste portion of the Hanford Facility Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Permit for the Treatment, Storage and Disposal of Dangerous Waste as part of its next revision.

Ecology must make a threshold determination of the environmental impacts of operating the 222-S Laboratory Complex as a facility that treats and stores dangerous and mixed waste, per Washington Administrative Code 197-11-310(3). To complete all SEPA actions before issuing the permit, Ecology must make its threshold determination promptly; therefore, I am requesting that comments be transmitted to me by October 31, 2002.

Please contact me at (509) 736-3027 if you have any questions concerning this request.

Sincerely,

Melinda J. Brown

Nuclear Waste Program

cc:

Roy Evans, DOH

Ken Niles, OOE

Administrative Record

Mr. Allan Conklin October 9, 2002

Rick Bond, Ecology bcc:

Tracy Gao, Ecology Max Power, Ecology Laura Ruud, Ecology Ron Skinnarland, Ecology Joy Turner, Ecology

NWP Reader File

NWP Central File: 222-S Laboratory Complex





Department of Energy

Richland Operation's Office P.O. Box 550 Richland, Washington 99352 Department of Ecology

SEP 8 0 2002

02-RCA-0575

SEP 25 2002

COPY FOR YOUR INFORMATION

Mr. Michael A. Wilson, Program Manager Nuclear Waste Program State of Washington Department of Ecology 1315 W. Fourth Avenue Kennewick, Washington 99336

Dear Mr. Wilson:

UPDATED STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (SEPA) ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FOR THE 222-S LABORATORY COMPLEX

In reference to the email from Tracy Gao, Ecology, to Lucinda Borneman, Fluor Hanford,

Inc., "SEPA Checklist," dated July 11, 2002, enclosed is a copy of the updated 222-S Laboratory

Complex SEPA Environmental Checklist. If you have any questions, please contact

Paul F. X. Dunigan, Jr., of my staff, on (509) 376-6667.

Sincerely,

Joel B. Hebdon, Director

Tool Hebdon

Regulatory Compliance and Analysis Division

RCA:PFXD

cc w/encl:

L. E. Borneman, FHI

N. Ceto, EPA

R. H. Engelmann, FHI

T. Gao, Ecology

R. Gay, CTUIR

R. H. Gurske, FHI

M. T. Jansky, FHI

R. Jim, YN

P. Sobotta, NPT

Environmental Portal, LMSI

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

FOR

222-S LABORATORY COMPLEX

REVISION 1

AUGUST 2002

WASHINGTON ADMINISTRATIVE CODE ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST [WAC 197-11-960] This page intentionally left blank.

A. BACKGROUND

2	1.	. Name of proposed project, if applicable:	
3 4 5 6	Lab	the 222-S Laboratory Complex is located in the 200 West Area on the Hanford Site. The 22 aboratory Complex provides treatment and storage for dangerous and/or mixed waste, in actifith Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-303 requirements.	
7	2.	Name of applicants:	
8 9	U.S	.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office (DOE-RL).	
10	3.	Address and phone number of applicants and contact persons:	
11 12 13 14 15	Rick P.O	.S. Department of Energy ichland Operations Office O. Box 550 ichland, Washington 99352	
16 17	Con	ontact:	
18 19 20 21	Rick	eith A. Klein, Manager ichland Operations Office 09) 376-7395	
22	4.	Date checklist prepared:	
23 24	Aug	ugust 2002.	
25	5.	Agency requesting the checklist:	
26 27	1315	ashington State Department of Ecology 15 W. 4 th Avenue	
28 29	Ken	ennewick, Washington 99336-6018	
30	6.	Proposed timing or schedule: (including phasing, if applicable):	
31 32 33 34 35 36	(SEI subs	The Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) reviewed the State Environmental Popular Popular Checklist, 222-S Laboratory Complex (dated November 1, 1991), and because the supplement (Supplement 1, dated May 1995). Ecology has determined that the corementioned SEPA Environmental Checklist information provided is outdated, and has recorded SEPA Environmental Checklist.	a
37 38	This	nis revised SEPA Environmental Checklist supports inclusion of the 222-S Laboratory Com e Hanford Facility <i>Resource Conservation and Recovery Act</i> (RCRA) Dangerous Waste Per	plex into mit (Permit

^{*}E-mail, Tracy Gao, Ecology, to Lucinda Borneman, Fluor Hanford, July 11, 2002.

No. WA7890008967). The Hanford Facility RCRA Permit, Dangerous Waste Portion, includes operating conditions for 222-S Laboratory Complex.

3 4

5

7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain.

6 No.

7

- 8 8. List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, directly related to this proposal.
- A SEPA Environmental Checklist (dated November 1, 1991) was submitted to Ecology concurrently with the Notice of Intent to operate the 222-S Laboratory Complex.

12

• A SEPA Environmental Checklist Supplement (Supplement 1, dated May 1995) was submitted to Ecology.

15

• The 222-S Laboratory Complex Part A, Form 3, Permit Application (Revision 0) was submitted to Ecology in November 1987. Nine revisions of the Part A, Form 3, Permit Application have been submitted to date.

19 20

• The Hanford Facility Dangerous Waste Permit Application, General Information Portion (DOE/RL-91-28) contains information pertaining to the entire Hanford Facility.

21 22 23

 DOE/EA-0383, Hanford Environmental Compliance Project Environmental Assessment, March 1992. A Finding Of No Significant Impact was issued March 11, 1992.

24 25 26

 DOE/RL-91-27 (Draft), Hanford Facility Dangerous Waste Permit Application, 222-S Laboratory Complex, was submitted to Ecology March 8, 2001, for approval, via inclusion into the Hanford Facility RCRA Dangerous Waste Permit, Dangerous Waste Portion.

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General information concerning the onsite environment can be found in the Hanford Site National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Characterization (PNNL-6415, Revision 13, September 2001). Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) updates this document annually, and provides current information concerning climate and meteorology, ecology, history and archeology, socioeconomic, land use and noise levels, and geology and hydrology. These baseline data for the Hanford Site and past activities are useful for evaluating proposed activities and potential environmental impacts.

35 36 37

38

- 9. Do you know whether applications are pending for government approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain.
- 39 Yes; refer to Item 11 text.

40

- 41 10. List any government approvals or permits that will be needed for your proposal, if known.
- 42 Ecology is the lead regulatory agency authorized to approve the Hanford Facility RCRA Permit,
- Dangerous Waste Portion, pursuant to the requirements of WAC 173-303.

The 222-S Laboratory Complex has permits in place allowing radioactive air emissions (Hanford Site Air Operating Permit, Number 00-05-006).

2 3 4

No other permits are known to be required at this time.

 11. Give brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page.

 The existing 222-S Laboratory Complex, located in the 200 West Area of the Hanford Site provides for the treatment and storage of dangerous and/or mixed waste generated from within the geographical boundary of the 222-S Laboratory Complex and from the other waste management units on the Hanford Facility or from offsite generators. A more detailed discussion of the 222-S Laboratory Complex boundary, waste types, and known characteristics of the waste are provided in the Hanford Facility Dangerous Waste Permit Application document (Part B) for the 222-S Laboratory Complex. Although the treatment and storage of radioactive waste is not within the scope of the aforementioned permit application, the information is provided for general knowledge.

222-S Laboratory Complex structures (e.g., buildings, storage modules) provide space for waste treatment and storage. A topographic map and site plans for the 222-S Laboratory Complex are included in the Hanford Facility RCRA Permit, Dangerous Waste Portion. Storage structures with physical features that provide for segregated storage areas are operated to maintain appropriate separation between arrays of incompatible waste (incompatibility is defined in WAC 173-303-395).

As mentioned previously, activities do occur in the 222-S Laboratory Complex that are not associated with the storage, treatment, or disposal of dangerous or mixed waste (i.e., non-RCRA activities). Such activities include the aforementioned treatment and storage of radioactive waste.

12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person to understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, and range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist.

- 35 The 222-S Laboratory Complex is located in the southeastern corner on the 200 West Area of the
- 36 Hanford Site. The 222-S Laboratory Complex is located in Section 1, Township 12N, Range 25E.
- 37 Approximately 10 hectares have been allocated for the 222-S Laboratory Complex. As stated in
- 38 Section A.11, a topographic map and site plans for the 222-S Laboratory Complex are included in the
- 39 Hanford Facility RCRA Permit, Dangerous Waste Portion.

¹ Letter, J. Hebdon, DOE-RL, to M. Wilson, Ecology, "Transmittal of the Hanford Facility Dangerous Waste Part B Permit Application Documentation, 222-S Laboratory Complex, DOE/RL-91-27 (TSD: TS-2-1)," dated March 8, 2001 (DOE/RL-91-27).

B. ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS

- 1

2	1. E	arth
3 4	a	. General description of the site (circle one): Flat, rolling, hilly, steep slopes, mountainous, other
5		Flat.
6		
7 .	Ъ.	. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent
8		slope)?
9		The approximate slope of the land is less than 2 percent.
10		
11	C.	What general types of soils are found on the site? (for example,
12		clay, sandy gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification
13		of agricultural soils, specify them and note any prime farmland.
14		Soil types consist mainly of eolian and fluvial sands and gravel.
15		More detailed information concerning specific soil classifications
16		can be found in PNNL-6415, Revision 13. Farming is not permitted
17		on the Hanford Site.
18		
19	ď.	Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the
20		immediate vicinity? If so, describe.
21 22		No.
23	e.	Describe the purpose, type, and approximate quantities of any
24		filling or grading proposed. Indicate source of fill.
25		No excavation presently is planned; excavation would be required
26		for any future construction. Excavated material would be stockpiled
27		for use as backfill. This material also would be used, as required,
28		for finish grading to blend with the existing flat topography and to
29		provide drainage away from all buildings.
30	_	
31 32	f.	Could erosion occur as a result of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe.
33		No.
34		
35	g.	
36		surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or
37		buildings)?
38		Approximately 80 percent of the site is covered with impervious
39		surfaces. These surfaces include waste management areas
40		(structures and pads), support structures (offices and administrative
41		buildings), parking areas, and roadways.
42		· · · ·

. 1		h.	Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other
2			impacts to the earth, if any:
3			Paved access roadways and graveled parking areas are provided to
4			minimize erosion and dust due to vehicular traffic. Native
5			vegetation replanting and other soil stabilization activities are
6			conducted to mitigate the effects of the 2000 Hanford Site fire.
7			•
8	2.	A	ir
9	•	a.	What types of emissions to the air would result from the
10			proposal (i.e., dust, automobile, odors, industrial wood smoke)
11			during construction and when the project is completed? If any,
12			generally describe and give approximate quantities, if known.
			Routine excavation and maintenance activities generate dust. Minor
13			amounts of exhaust are generated by vehicles used by personnel
14		•	
15			during 222-S Laboratory Complex operations.
16			As a sisterma release pould pegur on a regult of upget conditions
17			An airborne release could occur as a result of upset conditions internally or externally. Such a release would not exceed
18			immediately dangerous to life and health concentrations outside the
19			immediate area of the spill/release because of the small quantity of
20			material that is available for release.
21			material that is available for release.
22		L	Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odors that may
23 24		b.	affect your proposal? If so, generally describe.
25			No.
26			
27		c.	Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other
28			impacts to the air, if any?
29			Good engineering practices are followed, and actions comply with
30			onsite procedures designed to protect the environment and personnel
31			safety and health, and comply with permits allowing radioactive and
32			toxic air emissions.
33			
34	3.	W	'ater
35		a.	Surface
36			1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate
			vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal
37 20			streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe
38			
39			type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream
40			or river it flows into.
41			No. The 222-S Laboratory Complex is over 7 kilometers from the

42 43 Columbia River.

SEPA Checklist Hanford Facility 222-S Laboratory Complex Revision 1 Page 6 of 18

. 1		رنج	77 in the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to	
2			(within 200 feet) the described waters? If yes, please describe	
3			and attach available plans.	
J			and attach available plans.	
4			No.	
5			110.	
		3)	Westware the amount of All and duedes measured that mould	
6		3)	·	
7			be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands and	
8			indicate the area of the site that would be affected. Indicate	
9			the source of fill material.	
10			None.	
11				
12		A	Will the proposal require surface water withdrawals or	
13		٠,	diversions? Give general description, purpose, and	
14			approximate quantities if known.	
15	-		The water supply for the 200 West Area is pumped from the	
16			Columbia River. The 222-S Laboratory Complex activities use	
17			relatively little of this overall withdrawal. The estimated	
18			amounts are small compared to normal daily water use in the	
19			200 West Area.	
20			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
21		53	Does the proposal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so,	
22		J	note location on the site plan.	
44			note tocation on the site plant.	
23			The 222-S Laboratory Complex is not within the 100-year or	
24			500-year floodplain (PNNL-6415, Revision 13).	
25			, ((((((((((((((
26		6)	Does the proposal involve any discharges of waste materials	
27		-,	to surface waters? If so, describe the type of waste and	
28			anticipated volume of discharge.	
29 -			No.	
30			·	
31	b.	Gr	ound	
32		11	Will ground water be withdrawn, or will water be	
		I)	discharged to ground water? Give general description,	
33				
34			purpose, and approximate quantities if known.	
35			No.	
36				
,0				

2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals...; agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

Sanitary waste from the 222-S Laboratory Complex is routed to an existing sanitary septic system. The existing system has a maximum capacity of approximately 60,000 liters per day. The sanitary sewer system is designed to receive flows based on occupant loads from three work shifts operating 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. The flows are estimated to average 0.18 liter per second.

. 1

9.

Laboratory waste water, primarily from heating and cooling systems, is transferred to the existing Hanford Site's Treated Effluent Disposal Facility in the 200 East Area.

c. Water Run-off (including storm water)

1) Describe the source of run-off (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

The Hanford Site receives only 15.2 to 17.8 centimeters of annual precipitation. Precipitation runs off the existing buildings and seeps into the soil near the buildings. Storm water from parking areas, paved roads and the waste storage pad drains into an engineered storm drain system that diverts the storm water to subsurface gravel pits. This precipitation, within the 222-S Laboratory Complex, is not expected to reach the groundwater or surface waters.

2) Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe.

No. All waste materials are contained.

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and run-off water impacts, if any:

No surface, ground, or run-off water impacts are expected. The site is graded to provide for surface run-off and to direct storm water to storm drains and/or depressions. Work areas, roadways, and parking lots are crowned or sloped to drain to storm drains and percolate into the ground.

		·
2	2.	Check or circle the types of vegetation found on the site.
3		deciduous tree: alder, maple, aspen, other
4		evergreen tree: fir, cedar, pine, other
5		⊠ shrubs
6	•	grass
7		deciduous tree: alder, maple, aspen, other evergreen tree: fir, cedar, pine, other shrubs grass pasture crop or grain wet soil plants: cattail, buttercup, bulrush, skunk cabbage.
8.		crop or grain
9		wet soil plants: cattail, buttercup, bulrush, skunk cabbage,
10		other
11		water plants: water lily, eelgrass, milfoil, other
12		other types of vegetation
13		
14		The most common vegetation community in the 200 West Area is
15		sagebrush/cheatgrass or Sandberg's bluegrass.
16		·
17	b.	What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or
18		altered?
19		Currently, there are no plans to remove or alter vegetation; however,
20		future excavations would have minimal impacts on vegetation.
21		There is no native vegetation within the 222-S Complex (as
22		identified in Section A.11 of this Environmental Checklist). Repair
23		and/or replacement of ancillary support structures (e.g., sanitary
24		sewer, water and power distribution lines) may affect areas of
25		mature sage-steppe habitat. Mitigation via habitat replacement
26 27		would be conducted consistent with the Hanford Site Biological
27		Resources Management Plan (DOE/RL-96-32) and the Hanford Site Biological Resources Mitigation Strategy (DOE/RL-96-88). A
28 29		minimum mitigation ratio of 1:1 via rectification or compensation
29 30		would be expected.
30 31		would be expected.
31 32	c.	List threatened or endangered species known to be on or near
32 33	C.	the site.
34		The Hanford Site contains some federal and state listed threatened
35		and endangered plant and animal species. No species are known to
36		reside at the 222-S Laboratory Complex. Additional information on
37		species can be found in PNNL-6415, Revision 13.
38	_	
39	d.	Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to
40		preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any:
41		Measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site are consistent
42		with the aforementioned mitigation activities (Section B.4.b; and
43		DOE/RL-96-32 and DOE/RL-96-88).

4. Plants

2 3 4		a.	Indicate (by underlining) any birds and animals which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site:
5 6 7			birds: Raptors (burrowing owls, ferruginous, redtail, and Swainson's hawks), eagles, songbirds, mammals: deer, elk, coyotes, rabbits, rodents.
8.			19
9 10	-		Additional information on animals can be found in PNNL-6415, Revision 13.
11 12 13		b.	List any threatened or endangered species known to be on or near the site.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20			There are no threatened or endangered species at the 222-S Laboratory Complex. One federal and state listed threatened or endangered specie has been identified on the 1,517 square kilometer Hanford Site along the Columbia River: the bald eagle. In addition, the state listed white pelican, sandhill crane, and ferruginous hawk also occur on or migrate through the Hanford Site.
21		c.	Is the site part of a migration route? If so, explain.
22 23			The Hanford Site is a part of the broad Pacific Flyway.
24		d.	Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any:
25 26 27			No specific measures to preserve or enhance wildlife are associated with 222-S Laboratory Complex operations.
28	6.	Eı	nergy and Natural Resources
29 30 31		a.	What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39			Electricity is used at 222-S Laboratory Complex for heating, ventilation, cooling, operation of equipment and instrumentation, and lighting of support and waste management structures and for perimeter lighting. Steam heating is provided by a diesel-fueled packaged boiler (adjacent to the 222-S Laboratory Complex). Diesel fuel and gasoline also are used for transport vehicles, and a standby exhaust fan is powered by a diesel engine.
40		b.	Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by
41			adjacent properties? If so, generally describe.
42 43			No.

5. Animals

020924.1005

1 2 3		c.	What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any:
4 5			Energy consumption is small, and energy conservation features are not readily applicable to 222-S Laboratory Complex.
6			not readily applicable to 222-3 Laboratory Complex.
7	7	¥7.	
,	7.	L	nvironmental Health
8 -		a.	Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure
9			to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous
10			waste, that could occur as a result of this proposal? If so,
11			describe.
12			Possible environmental health hazards to personnel could arise from
13			activities at 222-S Laboratory Complex under upset conditions. The
14			hazard could come from exposure to dangerous and/or mixed waste,
15			and chemicals used as part of laboratory operations. Stringent
16			administrative controls and engineered barriers are used to minimize
17			the probability of even a minor incident and/or accident. A chemical
18			spill, release, fire, or explosion could occur only as a result of a
19			simultaneous breakdown in multiple barriers or a catastrophic
20			natural forces event.
21			
22			1) Describe special emergency services that might be required.
23			Hanford Site security, fire response, and ambulance services are
24			on call at all times in the event of an onsite emergency. Hanford
25			Site emergency services personnel are trained specially to
26.			manage a variety of circumstances involving chemical and/or
27			mixed waste constituents and situations.
28			
29			2) Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental
30			health hazards, if any:
31			All personnel are trained to follow proper procedures to
32			minimize potential exposure. The 222-S Laboratory Complex
33			has systems for radiation monitoring, fire protection and alarm.
34			
35			Chemical and radiological safety hazards are mitigated by
36			avoiding direct contact with the residual chemicals or samples,
37			training as appropriate, and using protective clothing and
38			respiratory protection by onsite personnel, as necessary. As low
39			as reasonably achievable (ALARA) principles are applied at the

222-S Laboratory Complex.

. 1		b. Noise
2 3		1) What type of noise exists in the area which may affect your project (for example: traffic, equipment, operation, other)?
4 5 6		While there is a minor amount of traffic, operation, and equipment noise in the vicinity, there is minimal effect to personnel at 222-S Laboratory Complex.
7 8 9 10 11		2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis (for example: traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site.
12 13 14		Relatively low level of noise from traffic and equipment are generated during day shift hours for operations.
15 16		3) Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any:
17 18 19		In the unlikely event that Occupational Safety and Health Administration noise standards would be exceeded, appropriate personnel protective equipment would be required.
20 21	8.	Land and Shoreline Use
22		a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties?
23 24 25		The 222-S Laboratory Complex provides treatment and storage for dangerous and/or mixed waste.
26 27 28 29		The Hanford Facility is a single RCRA facility identified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)/State Identification Number WA7890008967 that consists of over 70 TSD units
30 31 32		conducting dangerous waste management activities. These TSD units are included in the Hanford Facility Dangerous Waste Part A Permit Application (DOE/RL-88-21). The Hanford Facility consists
33 34		of all contiguous land and structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land, used for recycling, reusing, reclaiming,
35 36 37		transferring, storing, treating, or disposing of dangerous waste, which, for the purposes of RCRA, are owned by the U.S. Government and operated by the DOE-RL (excluding lands)
38 39		north and east of the Columbia River, river islands, lands owned or used by the Bonneville Power Administration, lands leased to

Energy Northwest, and lands owned by or leased to Washington

State).

40 41

• 1	D.	rias the site been used for agriculture? If so, describe.
2		No portion of the 200 West Area has been used for agricultural
3		purposes since 1943.
4	•	
5	c.	Describe any structures on the site.
6		Existing structures at 222-S Laboratory Complex are described in
7		Hanford Facility Dangerous Waste Permit Application,
8		222-S Laboratory Complex (DOE/RL-91-27),
9 10	ď.	Will any structures be demolished? If so, what?
11	•	No structures will be demolished until closure of 222-S Laboratory
12		Complex.
13		
14	e.	What is the current zoning classification of the site?
15		The Hanford Site currently is included in Public Lands designation
16		in the Benton County Comprehensive Plan (June 22, 1998) (interne
17		address: http://206.61.210.104/pl/compplan/forward.htm). The Pla
18		is being revised, and will address the Hanford Site as a separate
19		geographic component, or "Sub-Area" with its own Land Use Plan
20		(under development as Chapter 13 in the aforementioned Benton
21		County Comprehensive Plan).
22 23	f.	What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site?
24	,	The Hanford Comprehensive Land-Use Plan Environmental Impact
25		Statement Record of Decision (64 FR 61615, November 12, 1999)
26		stated that the Central Plateau (200 Areas) geographic area is
27		designated Industrial-Exclusive.
28		
29 30	g.	If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site?
31		Does not apply.
32		
33	þ.	Has any part of the site been classified as an "environmentally
34		sensitive" area? If so, specify.
35		No.
36		
37	i.	Approximately how many people would reside or work in the
38		completed project?
39		The 222-S Laboratory Complex workforce is approximately
40		150 personnel during full operation.
41		

			Page 13 (ot l
· 1 2		j.	Approximately how many people would the completed project displace?	
3			None.	
4 5 6		k.	Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any:	
7 8			Does not apply.	
9		1.	Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any:	
11 12			Does not apply (refer to Section 8.f.).	
13	9.		lousing	
14 15		a.	Approximately how many units would be `provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.	
16 17			None.	
18 19		b.	Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.	
20 21			None.	
22		c.	Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any:	
23 24			Does not apply.	
25	10.	A	esthetics	
26 27 28		a.	What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed?	
29 30 31 32			The 202-S Building is approximately 23 meters above grade; typical structures at 222-S Laboratory Complex are constructed of metal and concrete.	
33 34		b.	What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed?	
35 36			None.	
36 37		C.	Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if	
38			any:	
39			None.	

. 1	11. 1	ight and Oldic
2	2.	What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainly occur?
4 5		Nighttime lighting provides a continuous operations environment and meets necessary security requirements.
6 7 8		Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views?
9 10		No.
11 12	c.	What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal?
13 14	·	None.
15 16	d.	Proposed measures to reduce or control light and glare impacts, if any:
17 18		None.
19	12. Re	ecreation
20 21	2.	What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?
22 23		None.
24 25	b.	Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe.
26 27		No.
28 29 30	c.	Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any?
31 32		None.
33	13. Hi	storic and Cultural Preservation
34 35 36	a.	Are there any places or objects listed on, or proposed for, national, state, or local preservation registers known to be on or next to the site? If so, generally describe.
37 38		The 222-S Laboratory Building has been determined to be eligible for the National Register of Historic Places as a contributing
39		property in the Manhattan Project/Cold War Historic District.

1 2 3		Additional information concerning Hanford Site cultural resource can be found in PNNL-6415, Revision 13.	es
4 5 6	b.	Generally describe any landmarks or evidence of historic, archaeological, scientific, or cultural importance known to be or next to the site.	e on
7 8		None.	
9 .	c.	Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts, if any:	
10 11 12		None. The 222-S Laboratory Complex will not be changed substantially. Existing and historic conditions have been recorde	:d.
13	14. T	ransportation	
14 15 16	a.	Identify public streets and highways serving the site, and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show site plans, if any.	on
17		Does not apply.	
18 19 20	b.	Is site currently served by public transit? If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop?	
21 22 23		The 222-S Laboratory Complex is not accessible to the public and not served by public transit.	d is
24 25	c.	How many parking spaces would the completed project have: How many would the project eliminate?	?
26 27 28		Parking is provided with space for approximately 100 automobile motorcycles, and handicapped parking.	s,
29 30 31 32	d.	Will the proposal require any new roads or streets, or improvements to existing roads or streets, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public private).	or
33		No.	
34 35 36	e.	Will the project use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe.	
37 38		No.	

2 3	ſ.	How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur.	
4 5 6 7		Less than 500 vehicular trips per day are generated by operational activities. Peak volumes occur during daylight hours Monday through Friday.	
8	g.	Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any:	
10 11		None.	
12	15. F	Public Services	
13 14 15	a.	Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe.	
16		No.	
17 18 19	b.	Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any:	
20 21		Does not apply.	
22	16. U	16. Utilities	
23 24 25	a.	Circle utilities currently available at the site: electricity, natural gas, water, refuse service, telephone, sanitary sewer, septic system, other:	
26 27		Electricity, potable water, refuse service, telephone, and a sanitary sewer system are available at the 222-S Laboratory Complex.	
28 29 30 31 32 33		Power and telephone lines are extended from aerial lines through underground concrete-encased conduits to a centrally located distribution point. Electrical power is supplied to 222-S Laboratory Complex (by an aerial 13.3-kilovolt power line) for all lighting, fire sprinkler equipment, and convenience receptacles. Steam heating is provided by a diesel-fueled packaged boiler.	
15 16 17 18		Potable water and fire protection water for 222-S Laboratory Complex are provided via tie-in to existing 200 West Area systems.	
10 11 12	b.	Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which might be needed.	

None.

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SIGNATURES

The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.

Paul F. X. Dunigan, Jr.

NEPA Compliance Officer

U.S. Department of Energy Richland Operations Office

Richard H. Gurske, Director Environment and Regulation

Fluor Hanford, Inc.

Date

Date

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